# In-line pumps

## Type PV



### Instructions

- Installation
- Operation
- Maintenance

#### Read this entire book

before attempting to install, operate or repair this pump. Properly installed, your Peerless pump will give you satisfactory, dependable service. We urge that you read carefully these step-by-step instructions, to simplify any problems of installation, operation or repair.

New equipment manufactured by Seller is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of one year from date of shipment; Seller's obligation under this warranty being limited to repairing or replacing at its option any part found to its satisfaction to be so defective provided that such part is, upon request, returned to Seller's factory from which it was shipped, transportation prepaid. This warranty does not cover parts damaged by decomposition from chemical action or wear caused by abrasive materials, nor does it cover damage resulting from misuse, accident, neglect, or from improper operation, mainteFailure to read and comply with installation and operating instructions will void the responsibility of the manufacturer and may also result in bodily injury as well as property damage.

This book is intended to be a perma-

#### WARRANTY

nance, installation, modification or adjustment. This warranty does not cover parts repaired outside Seller's factory without prior written approval. Seller makes no warranty as to starting equipment, electrical apparatus or other material not of its manufacture, since the same are usually covered by warranties of the respective manufacturers thereof.

In the event, notwithstanding the terms of this agreement, it is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that an express warranty has been given by Seller to Purchaser with respect to the head, capacity or other like performance characteristics of said equipment, Seller's

nent part of your pump installation and should be preserved in a convenient location for ready reference. If these instructions should become soiled obtain a new copy from Peerless Pump. Include pump model and/or serial number with your request.

liability for breach of the same shall be limited to accepting return of such equipment F.O.B. plant of manufacture, refunding any amount paid thereon by Purchaser (less depreciation at the rate of 15% per year if Purchaser has used equipment for more than thirty (30) days) and cancelling any balance still owing on the equipment.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND SELLER SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.



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### IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Pump parts, and the tools and rigging equipmentused in installing pumps, are heavy and may easily cause personal injury if dropped or carelessly handled. The normal precautions and safety rules associated with the erection of heavy machinery, in regard to manual lifting, use of power equipment, and handling of tools, must be observed in the installation of this pump.

Petroleum-base cleaning solvents are flammable. Smoking by personnel in the vicinity of these solvents is extremely hazardous and must Before attempting repairs to pump not be permitted.

failure. Disregard of this warning may cause personal injury. could result in grave personal injury.

with live motor leads can be fatal, values.

open the disconnect switch to Do not work under a heavy sus- electric motor. This prevents accipended object unless there is a dental running of pump motor. positive support under it to stop its Starting motor during pump repair fall in event of sling or hoist activities could damage pump and

Because cap screws have a tendency to loosen on shipment retighten Before opening the conduit box of all cap screws to casing and to an electric motor, be certain that motor adapter before installing the current to the motor is shut off, pump. Refer to reassembly in-An electrical shock from contact structions paragraph 7 for torque

#### WARNING

The pumps described by this different than those specified at ceed without consulting the Peer- produced below.

manual must not be installed in you are unsure of originally speci- ment damage and failure may any manner except as specified fied speed or flow capacity, or any result. The pump must be operated herein, and must not be operated changes to speed or flow capacity within the limitations described by at a speed or a flow capacity are being considered, do not pro- the pressure-temperature table re-

20° - 150° F

Pumped Liquid Temperature

200°F maximum allowable for iron fitted construction

250°F maximum allowable for bronze fitted construction

the time of original construction. If less Pump factory or serious equip-

Maximum Working Pressure

175 PSIG . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . @

These pumps must not be used to fitted construction must not con-standard in mechanical seal verpump any fluid other than that tain hydrocarbons or the mechani- sions of pumps with iron fitted specified for the order. Liquids to cal seal will be damaged and pump construction. Violation be pumped must be non-corrosive failure will result. Note: Mechanical warning will void the warranty and and non-abrasive or damage can seals which will not be damaged may result in serious property occur to the pump. The liquid by the presence of hydrocarbons damage or grave personal injury. pumped by a mechanical seal are available and may be obtained version of a pump with bronze from the factory. Such seals are

## INTRODUCTION

#### **UPON RECEIPT** OF PUMP EQUIPMENT -

Check carefully to see that all of the equipment has been received. Report immediately any shortages or damages to the transportation company handling the shipment, noting the extent of the damage or shortage on the freight bill and bill of lading.

Do not leave the unit exposed to

weather or construction hazards. The may become mechanically damaged. This pump is a well designed and carefully manufactured unit. It should be given the same attention accorded to any precision machine.

The satisfactory operation of a pump depends to a large extent upon proper installation. These instructions cannot answer every question that may arise

as each installation will be different. The installer and the operator of this equipment must use good judgement to adapt these procedures to his installation.

NOTE: Additional information on normal installation and operation procedures may be obtained by reference Hydraulic Institute Standards to Manual.

### **PUMP TYPES**

Type PV In-line pumps are furnished with mechanical seal only. Either bronze fitted or iron fitted construction may be furnished in accord with original specification.

#### INSTALLATION

WARNING

Do not work under a heavy suspended

object unless there is a positive support under it to stop its fall in event of sling or hoist failure. Disregard of this warning could result in grave personal injury.

The pump should be LOCATION: installed in a clean, well-drained and ventilated location, and be accessible for inspection and proper care. Ample room should be provided for installation and removal.

FLOOR MOUNTING: Type PV In-line Pumps have been designed to be supported by the piping in the system with the motor above the pump. An optional cast iron base is available for floor mounting the pump.

PIPING: The suction and discharge piping should not be smaller than the inlet or outlet connections of the pump. Be sure the suction connections are tight because air leakage can cause a reduction in pump capacity or loss of prime. For service convenience valves should be provided in suction and discharge piping. See Note 2 in Pump Disassembly.

Make certain that the CAUTION Dump is free from piping strains which may cause misalignment, resulting in a possible binding of the rotating element. Avoid dry, damage can occur to closespringing the piping into line and use caution when tightening the connections. Suction and discharge piping must have adequate support for itself and the pump it supports. The lifting luas on the motor must not be used to support the installation. Failure to adhere to these precautions can result in equipment damage and malfunction.

WIRING AND CONTROLS: For electric motor drives connect power supply to conform with national and local codes. Line voltage and wire capacity must match the ratings stamped on the motor nameplate. DO NOT USE ANY OTHER VOLTAGE.

PUMP ROTATION: Momentarily operate the motor to check that the pump shaft rotates clockwise as shown by the arrow on the pump casing. Do not allow motor to run in reverse (opposite to arrow) direction for any length of time.

CAUTION

parts.

Prime amua before startina motor or damage can occur to internal pump

PRIMING: A centrifugal pump must be primed before it can be operated. If run

clearance rotating parts and will destroy mechanical seal faces. Also, if not primed properly, it will not deliver fluid. Prime in one of the following ways:

- a. If the system has suction pressure, bleed all air from the pump casing and suction pipe by opening the pipe plug provided at top of the discharge nozzle. Rotate the shaft a few times if possible to evacuate any air trapped inside the impeller passages.
- b. If the system has a suction lift and there is a foot valve in the suction pipe, fill the pump casing and suction pipe with water from an outside source. At the same time, let the trapped air escape through the pipe plug at the top of the discharge nozzle.
- c. If the system has a suction lift but no foot valve, use a vacuum pump or ejector operated by air, steam, water, engine exhaust, etc., to evacuate the air from the pump case and suction pipe by connecting the ejector to the priming connection on the top of the discharge nozzle.

The pump is furnished with a Note: by-pass line from the pump suction to the stuffing box which purges the air from the seal cavity.

#### BEFORE STARTING THE PUMP:

- 1. Never operate or spin the pump unit is fully primed. (See less "Priming".)
- 2. Turn the shaft by hand to see that it rotates freely.
- 3. Check that the voltage and frequency on the motor nameplate match the current supply.
- 4. Be sure the motor is wired for correct voltage.
- 5. Check that all thermal overload relays are of the proper size and "set" for operation.
- 6. Be sure the valve in the suction line

#### **OPERATION**

- is open. The discharge valve should be closed.
- 7. Review remainder of these instructions.

#### AFTER STARTING THE PUMP:

- 1. Check the pump rotation with the direction of the arrow on the pump casing. If necessary, change di-
- 2. Check the pump for evidence of rubbing or binding which may have been caused by piping strains.

CAUTION

Overheating will result if pump is operated against a closed valve for more than a few minutes. If closed valve operation is required, install a by-pass line or a small relief valve discharging back to the pump suction. Suction valve should not be used to regulate flow of the pump. Suction valve should be wide open during pump operation and flow is to be regulated by the discharge valve. Failure to adhere to these precautions can result in equipment damage and malfunction.

- 3. Slowly open the discharge valve.
- 4. See that all pipe connections are tight.

#### IF PUMP AND MOTOR **FAIL TO START:**

- 1. Check for blown fuses or a tripped thermal overload relay.
- 2. Shaft may be stuck or binding due to rubbing of clogged impeller or other mechanical defect.
- 3. Starter contacts may be corroded, shorted, or terminal connections may be broken somewhere in the circuit.
- 4. The wiring hookup or voltage provided may be incorrect or switches may not be "set" for operation.

#### IF INSUFFICIENT OR NO WATER IS DELIVERED:

1. Pump may not be primed. (See "Priming").

To insure the best operation of the pump, make a systematic and periodic inspection to check the following:

- 1. See that the driver is up to speed. Check driver manufacturer's instructions for periodic maintenance requirements.
- 2. See that the electrical control equipment is clean and contacts are in good condition.

### LOCATING TROUBLE

- 2. The speed may be too slow. Check for low voltage.
- 3. The required discharge pressure may be higher than anticipated.
- 4. Suction pressure may be lower than anticipated.
- 5. The impeller may be clogged or damaged.
- 6. Wrong rotation. Check direction of shaft rotation with arrow on the pump casing.
- 7. The suction or discharge lines may be clogged or valves in lines may not be fully open.

#### IF PUMP LOSES PRIME:

- 1. The suction line may be leaking.
- 2. The suction pressure may be too low.

3. The pumped liquid may contain air or gas.

#### IF PUMP VIBRATES OR IS NOISY:

- 1. The foundation may be insufficient or not secure.
- 2. The impeller may be partially clogged causing an unbalanced condition.
- 3. Mechanical defects may be evident, such as a bent shaft, rotating element binding or worn bearings.
- 4. Suction or discharge pipes may not be anchored sufficiently.
- 5. The pump may be vapor bound not fully primed. (See "Priming").
- 6. Insufficient net positive suction head available; cavitation.

#### MAINTENANCE

3. Check operation of the pump. See that it runs smoothly and is reasonably quiet.

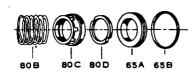
CAUTION

Where the pump is installed in an unheated location, precaution must be taken to protect the pump and pipe lines from freezing. If the unit

during cold weather, the pump must be drained by removing the drain plug in the bottom of the casing (1). Reprime pump when reused.

LUBRICATION: No pump lubrication is required. Adhere to the motor manufacturer's recommendations for is to remain idle for long periods lubricating the motor.

### MECHANICAL SEAL



80B Spring 80C Seal Bellows Assy

80D Sealing Washer 65A Floating Seat 65B Seat Ring

### PUMP DISASSEMBLY

WARNING

quate precaution

to prevent accidental running of pump motor, before starting maintenance on pump. Starting motor during pump removal could damage pump and may cause personal injury.

1. Open the disconnect switch to cut off power to the motor. Temporarily tie switch open and attach note: DO NOT CLOSE SWITCH - PUMP REPAIR IN PROCESS.

Always take ade- 2. Close valves in suction and dis- 4. Remove plug from bottom of casing charge lines.

WARNING

Before opening conduit box of

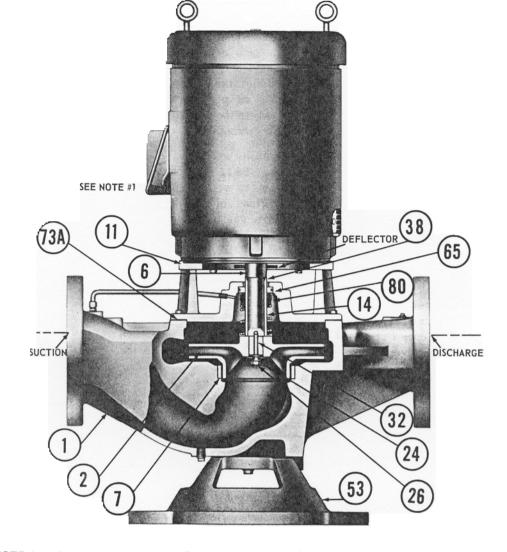
electric motor be certain that the current to the motor is shut off. An electrical shock from contact with live motor leads can be fatal.

3. Disconnect the motor leads and carefully mark them so they can be reconnected in the exact same order. pump to bench for disassembly.

- (1, Figure 1) and drain casing
- 5. Disconnect suction and discharge lines.

NOTE: The pump need not be disconnected from suction and discharge piping for disassembly.

6. If pump is base mounted, remove the base hold-down bolts and move



NOTE 1. Conduit box located 45° clockwise from suction flange as viewed from motor end (motor may be rotated in 90° increments).

#### STANDARD CONSTRUCTION

OPTIONAL 53 Base — Cast Iron

- 1 Casing Cast Iron
- 2 Impeller Bronze
- 6 Shaft Steel
- 7 Casing Ring Bronze
- 11 Adapter Cast Iron
- 14 Shaft Sleeve Bronze
- 24 Impeller Washer Stainless Steel

- 26 Impeller Lockscrew Stainless Steel
- 32 Impeller Key Steel
- 38 Shaft Sleeve Gasket Neoprene
- 65 Mechanical Seal Stationary Element
- 73A Casing Gasket Fibre
- 80 Mechanical Seal Rotating Element

Figure 1. PV In-line Pumps

Disassemble pump in the following manner:

- 1. Remove any seal piping (tubing) between pump discharge and stuffing box of adapter (Item 11, Figure 1).
- 2. Remove cap screws holding adapter (11) to casing (1). Before removing rotating assembly, scribe assembly marks on casing, motor, and adapter flanges so that unit can be resame orientation. assembled in Then remove complete rotating assembly by lifting motor from casing.
- 3. Insert a rod of suitable diameter into a passage of impeller (2) and hold

- while loosening impeller lockscrew (26). Remove screw and impeller washer (24A).
- 4. Slide impeller from end of shaft (6) and remove impeller key (32). If it is necessary to pry the impeller off, use a gear or wheel puller so that force is exerted on the motor shaft and not the motor bearings. Pry evenly on opposite sides of impeller where bending or denting of impeller shrouds will not occur.
- 5. Very carefully remove seal parts (80A thru 80D). Be particularly careful not to scratch or damage lapped surface of sealing washer (80D). Store seal parts in suitable

- container; lapped surface of sealing washer must be up and covered.
- 6. Remove screws and slide adapter (11) off from shaft. Use care not to scratch shaft sleeve (14).
- 7. Carefully push floating seat (65A) from adapter, avoiding scratching or other damage to lapped surface. Use narrow, flat screwdriver to lift and work O-ring (65B) from seat. Store seat with remaining mechanical seal parts with lapped surface up and covered.
- 8. Slide shaft sleeve (14), shaft sleeve gasket (38) and deflector from shaft.
- 9. Remove casing ring (7) from casing only if damaged or worn to excess (refer to Repair).

#### **CLEANING**

WARNING Petroleum - base cleaning solvents are flammable. Smoking or open flames

in the vicinity of these solvents is extremely hazardous and must not be permitted. Disregard of this warning could result in grave personal injury.

Clean all metal parts with a solvent.

fiber scraper may be used to remove the gasket and shellac from casing flanges. Blow dry with clean dry compressed air.

CAUTION

Use a bristle brush (not metal or wire) to clean mechanical seal parts. Use of to remove tightly adhering deposits. A oil or solvent will deteriorate material used for manufacture of the seal.

> Clean seal parts using a mild soap solution. Rub only with finger to remove dirt. Rinse with clear water and Never use hydrocarbon dry with mild air stream. Use care not liquids (oil or solvent) to damage or scratch lapped surfaces.

### INSPECTION

Visually inspect and replace parts that are damaged and affecting the serviceability or sealing. Emphasize inspection of mating parts having relative motion - casing rings, for example. Perform detailed inspection as follows:

1. Check O-rings, gaskets, and seals

for shrinkage, cracks, nicks or tears. 2. Examine impeller passages cracks, dents, gouges or embedded material.

3. Inspect shaft sleeves (14) for excessive wear. Replace sleeves that are worn. Replace gasket.

4. Inspect lapped surfaces of sealing floating seat for washer and chipping, gouges, nicks, scratches or other damage. These surfaces must be free from any defect. If lapped surfaces are damaged, replace the entire seal.

### REPAIR

- When ordering repair parts give the complete pump nameplate data (nameplate on the pump casing) plus the name and item number of the part shown on sectional view. Remove burrs, nicks, and scratches from non-critical areas with a fine
- 1. Impeller and Casing Ring. If the pump capacity falls off due to wear on the impeller and casing ring, repair is made by replacing the casing ring. The inside diameter of the casing ring should be 0.008" to 0.012" larger than the impeller skirt diameter.
- 2. Normally, when the pump is completely disassembled, all gaskets, O-rings and seals should be replaced at reassembly. If the O-ring for the floating seat of the mechanical seal is not damaged, it may be reused with the other, satisfactory seal parts.

stone or crocus cloth.

#### REASSEMBLY

WARNING electric motor must be of the same voltage, RPM and frame number as original motor. If replacement motor is of higher RPM pump will develop excessive pressure and horsepower causing pump and equipment damage and personal injury.

Reassemble pump in the following manner:

- 1. Install deflector shaft sleeve gasket 4. In the same manner as in step 3, (38) and shaft sleeve (14) on shaft. Be sure gasket is completely contained by sleeve and that sleeve bottoms on shaft shoulder. Position deflector midway between end of sleeve and grease retainer. Align sleeve slot with key slot of shaft.
- Use care not to mar or CAUTION lapped <sup>5</sup>. scratch the surfaces of floating seat and sealing washer when installing mechanical seal. Damage to these surfaces will result in leakage and will require replacement of the entire seal.
- 2. For the mechanical seal pump, lubricate the O-ring (65B), groove in floating seat (65A) and seat cavity in adapter (71) with any of MOLY-KOTE®, 3% detergent solution, mild soap solution, glycerine, ethylene glycol or silicone grease, DC No. 55.

- The replacement 3. Install floating seat in the adapter 7. Lightly coat both sides of casing with lapped surface facing away from adapter shoulder, Apply Jubricant (step 2 above) to entire surface of shaft sleeve and carefully install adapter. Use care not to cock or scrape floating seat on sleeve. Seat adapter (71) against motor, tapping very lightly with plastic hammer, then install screws and tighten uniformly. Rotate shaft by hand to check that there is no binding or hang-up.
  - lubricate the entire surface of shaft sleeve and the bores of sealing washer (80D) and spring bellows assembly (80C). Carefully install sealing washer (lapped surface toward floating seat) and spring bellows assembly on shaft sleeve and slide along sleeve to contact floating seal. Install spring (80B).
  - Install impeller key (32) in shaft keyway. Make sure that key enters slot in shaft sleeve. Align impeller (2) with key and install on shaft. Tap impeller hub lightly with plastic hammer to seat against shaft sleeve. Guide spring to seat on the shoulder as impeller is installed. Be sure spring is correctly seated against bellows assembly.
  - Install impeller washer (24A) and impeller lock screw (26), Restrain impeller with rod inserted in one passage and securely tighten screw. Rotate shaft by hand to check for free movement.

gasket (73A) with a non-hardening sealing compound, such as grease and graphite. Position on adapter making sure that holes are aligned. Carefully lower complete pump rotating assembly into casing, keeping the impeller properly aligned to prevent binding and possible damage. Make sure the assembly marks match to insure that proper orientation of the unit is maintained. Install screws and tighten uniformly in a star pattern. The cap screws are SAE Grade 5 and are to be tightened to the following minimum torque values for dry threads.

Size	Torque
3/8	30 ft - Ibs
7/16	50 ft - Ibs
1/2	75 ft - Ibs
5/8	155 ft - Ibs

- 8. Install seal piping between pump suction and stuffing box of adapter.
- 9. Re-connect motor wiring and follow instructions - Pump Operation.

#### NOTICE:

Materials of construction. specifications, dimensions, design features. and application information, where shown in this bulletin, are subject to change and/or modification without notice by Peerless Pump at their option.



A member of the Sterling Fluid Systems Group

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MADE IN U.S.A.



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